

## HOMAGE TO HOLY GHOST

### Odd Celebration at Catholic Mission.

(From Monday's daily.)

**T**HOUSANDS of Portuguese thronged the grounds of the Catholic Mission all day yesterday and Saturday evening to lay their spiritual homage at the foot of the shrine of the Holy Ghost, renew their devotion to the church and reverence the sainted Isabella of Portugal. For two days gay fluttering banners and streamers, flags of Portugal and emblems of the church and societies of Portuguese flaunted to the breeze from gaily-painted poles, all forming a scintillating and kaleidoscopic avenue to a shrine erected just in front of the house of the clergy and close to the moss and fern-clothed fountain. Here was centered all the tangible things that represented the Holy Ghost and the vows of Isabella. It was a small portable shrine, at one end of which was an altar glittering in the flames from dozens of highly-colored candles which were surrounded by masses of gaudy imitations of flowers.

In a raised space before the shrine a table was arranged upon which were laid plates for the twelve poor men chosen to dine, and there was a plenteous of fruits, bread, cakes, meats, wines and flowers. Suspended from the ceiling was an immense basket formed of fruits and ferns, which was sold yesterday afternoon at auction. Suspended from it were also four decanters of wine. On Saturday evening the Hawaiian band was in attendance, and to a gladsome burst of music the Bishop of Panopolis, with the clergy, members and officers of the Irmandade do Espirito Santo, or Brotherhood of the Holy Ghost, and the multitude marched in procession to the shrine where the foods were blessed.

Yesterday morning at 7 o'clock the sanctified foods were distributed to the poor and deserving. At 10 o'clock the bishop officiated at High Pontifical mass. The banner of the Holy Ghost was carried before the bishop and the journey to the door of the church was very slow, as the multitude pressed forward eagerly to kiss the red banner or the embroidered dove upon it. Men, women and children strove for a place near the banner, crowding and surging in the way of the procession. In the many years that the people have annually kissed and handled the sacred banner, it has become worn and threadbare, little holes showing in the lower hem. The bishop carried the crown, symbolic of that which Isabella laid upon an altar, into which the people dropped dollars in a steady stream.

At 1 o'clock six Portuguese and six Hawaiian old men, all attired in suits of white duck, were led into the raised part of the shrine. The table was laden, and there were men waiting to bring on tureens of steaming soup and hot meats from the kitchen of the mission. Finally, when the Holy Ghost banner and the crown were returned to the shrine the crown basin was filled almost to overflowing with money. The bishop entered the space, accompanied by the Portuguese Consul, Senor Canavarro, and the French Consul, Mons. A. Vizzavona, and took a seat at one end of the table, the two Consuls seating themselves on either side of him. After the blessing, and to the tune of "La Marseillaise" and the Portuguese national anthem, the twelve men began to feast. Members of the Irmandade Society attended to their wants. It was a strange sight and thousands of people surged about the pavilion eager to catch a glimpse of the favored ones hidden to the feast.

At 3 o'clock confirmation services were held in the Cathedral, and during the time the bishop occupied the altar space the doors were locked to prevent the crowds entering and leaving, thereby interrupting the service. Scores of fathers and mothers with children ranging from the merest babes to those about to become young men and women, stood and knelt before the altar rail awaiting their turns to receive the sign of the cross upon their foreheads. The babies cried and for awhile bedlam seemed to have broken loose. Some of the little ones were lustily-lunged and rent the air with their cries. Within the altar space the bishop stood, arrayed in beautiful vestments of cloth of gold and carrying his crozier, surrounded by several of his clergy and altar boys. Before him was a dense mass of humanity, sometimes more than twenty-five clinging to the rail at a time, and behind them were lines nine and ten deep. When those at the rail were marked with the sign of the cross, their places were at once taken by others behind, and so continued the services for nearly an hour. With abundant the *cras* was made upon the foreheads, and a priest following closely behind the bishop wiped it away with a cloth.

At length the last one was confirmed, the doors were opened and the throng passed out again into the grounds filled with the gaily-dressed crowds. At the shrine a member of the Portuguese Society commenced an auction of fruits, chickens, vegetables and other edibles, and much money was thus added to the fund for the entertainment. A vesper service yesterday evening with a

## PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE WEEK



CAPTAIN JOHNSON, WHO, WITH HIS COMPANY WON LAURELS AT THE DRILL.



THE SEASON'S TENNIS CHAMPION.



FRED CHURCH AND JACK ATKINSON ON THEIR HORSELESS CARRIAGE, JUST BEFORE THEY CAME TO GRIEF.



THE TRANSPORT BUFORD, SOLDIER, AN UNWELCOME VISITOR.



A LANDING PLACE FOR THE CABLE IS STILL BEING LOOKED FOR.

## TALK OF THE FIESTA

### Ministerial Union Discusses Event.

Major Wood of the Salvation Army held the attention of the Ministerial Union at its meeting yesterday morning in Central Union church, with an excellent paper upon "The Evolution of the Salvation Army." Among those present were Rev. Dr. Sereno Bishop, Rev. E. R. Muckley, Rev. W. M. Kincaid, Rev. W. H. Rice, Rev. George L. Pearson, Rev. J. P. Erdman, Theodore Richards, Rev. Hiram Bingham, Rev. O. H. Gulick, H. C. Brown. Major Wood, before reading his paper, said that criticisms had been frequent that the Salvation Army was not all it should be. He said he knew this only too well, but that it was carrying on its work to the best of its ability. Some of the criticisms were friendly, some otherwise. Knowing how far it came short of perfection the Army always welcomed the former, and if such criticisms are put forth in practical shape and can be used, they are seized and acted upon, for the Army was always ready to learn and is prepared to adopt any plan which approves itself to their judgment as one by which more souls can be saved. Many find fault with some of the departments of the work, believing that the Army would do better without them, adhering strictly to the spiritual part. Major Wood's purpose in his paper was to show that the Army was an evolution, that it did not spring complete from the brain of the founder, but grew gradually, many of its customs being practically forced upon it by circumstances over which it had no control. For every one of the Army's methods, strange and eccentric though they may sometimes appear, there is a reason.

To give a correct idea of the evolution of the Salvation Army from the time when it consisted solely of two persons, up to this present time when its ramifications are found in almost every corner of the earth, it was necessary for the Major to give a brief account of the lives of the founders, which he narrated in an interesting way.

"We come to a notable day," said he, "the one from which our Army dates its inception, July 2, 1865. On that night William Booth began his work in London. The people who gathered were of the most degraded type, and when he stood among them and talked of salvation, they listened with mingled curiosity and derision. On his part he felt a profound and almost prophetic interest in the crowd. Hitherto he had spoken to country people in market places and had been thanked for the privilege, then in the towns with their working population and was supremely grateful; but now he stood in the streets of London, with a multitude exceeding the population of most of those towns added together."

The Mission tent, an old one to start with, did not last long; it soon came to grief in the high winds. A dancing saloon, holding about 600 people, was then taken for the Sunday services, while an old wool warehouse served the purpose for week nights. Other places were occupied, an old chapel, a bowling alley, a stable.

The venture, with the old rascally Edlington theater was a big success. Upon the stage a crowd of converted prize fighters, drunkards, profligates, and the disreputable ragged edge of the hem of society's garment, told with marvellous effect what God had done for them.

Mr. Herbert Gladstone, in speaking at one of the annual meetings, referred to some statistics given, saying: "I say that this is a great result because you must remember that the class of men dealt with in these homes are of the most dangerous character, and were untouched by any work or influence of the government. Here is a proof of the practical work done by the Army for the last six years. In my official capacity at the Home office and as a Member of Parliament I have given close and personal attention to prison matters, and I say emphatically there is no society or body in the country which has done more valuable work for the rescue of criminals than the Salvation Army."

We now have 12 of these homes in operation, through which 1500 criminals go every year to lead new and Christian lives.

Again there was the out-of-work, the man down on his luck. This opened up a tremendously large field. The Army has always believed in the principle that "He who only feeds the poor is their greatest enemy, while he who employs them in useful labor is their best friend." For the man without a trade, Salvage Brigades were formed, in which men were employed with wagons and push carts to go around and collect paper, rags, string, bottles, old clothes, broken furniture, anything and everything.

Twenty-four different governments, besides many municipalities, now recognize the Army's work officially, and make annual grants toward its support, while several of the Australian colonies have turned over their boys' and girls' reformatories to the charge of the Army.

The proposed fiesta for Honolulu was discussed and caused considerable talk, as many of those present feared that there were evils which would go hand in hand with it. Rev. W. H. Rice stated that he had already written to Rev. E. S. Chapman at Los Angeles for information regarding the excesses which he said accompanied such affairs. Rev. E. S. Muckley was appointed to make an investigation as to their effects and present the results to the next meeting two weeks hence. The Union will then take action as to whether or not they will approve of the fiesta.

## KILLS A WOMAN FOR CASH AND THEN TRIES SUICIDE

**F**IGHTING for life with a half-crazed Japanese, under the moonlight, Andrew Cox, Deputy Sheriff at Wailuku, last evening safely landed in the court house detention cells there. Kimura, who, if he lives, will have to answer for the murder of Kane, a Japanese woman, whom the blood-thirsty brown man slew after spending the day driving about with her.

The murder, attempted suicide and struggle for life came as a sequel to the ordinary collections among the Japanese laborers of the plantation, conducted yesterday by the woman. Kane was the wife of a Japanese storekeeper, Yamanada by name. Early yesterday he sent her out with the assistant in the store, Kimura, to make the collections. All day the two drove about gathering up the various small sums which were owing, and although the sun of money that the woman had about her cannot be known, it was sufficient to tempt her companion of the day to murder her for it.

It was about 8 o'clock last evening when a passer-by saw the wagon of Yamanada standing between the court house and the school house at Wailuku. The horse was eating grass by the roadside and there seemed to be no one in the conveyance. Upon making a closer inspection, however, the body of Kane was discovered in the bottom of the wagon, dead, her throat having been cut from ear to ear. Deputy Sheriff Cox was summoned and he identifying the wagon, went at once to the store and discovered who had been in the company of the woman during the day. This done, the search for Kimura was taken up.

The trail was an easy one to locate and within a half hour after the finding of the body Cox was upon the scent of his man. The trail was hot and led to the upper reservoir, next the mountains back of Wailuku, and there,

mauka of the water, the Japanese was discovered. He knew that he would be followed and so had secured an old muzzle-loading musket, a rice gun, as the variety of weapon is called. When he was discovered he at once brought his batteries to bear upon the deputy. The officer thought parley was the proper course, and so he began to talk of the certainty of capture.

It was not very long after the talking began that Cox persuaded the Japanese to lower the gun so that they could continue their talk in friendly terms. Finally the Japanese lowered the muzzle and almost on the instant Cox rushed him. He was so quick that he managed to get hold of the gun and prevent its discharge. But he could not hold gun and man, and, twisting free, Kimura drew a knife and deliberately cut away at his own throat in almost the same manner as the wound had been inflicted upon the woman. Again Cox was watching and with another desperate rally took the knife away from the Japanese, who, after slashing himself, tried to end the life of the officer.

Meantime help arrived and the Japanese, with the wound in his throat, was conveyed to the court house, where he was attended by a physician. He was found to be painfully injured. This is due to the complete severing of the windpipe, although there were none of the arteries cut. While the physicians say the man is badly off they believe that he will pull out, owing to his magnificent.

This morning Cox will bring with him to the city the Japanese, and the sufferer will be detained in the Queen's Hospital for the purpose of awaiting the result of his wounds.

While on the way back from the plantation reservoir Kimura is alleged to have made a complete confession to Deputy Sheriff Cox. He admitted the murder, and theft and pleaded that he had been drinking.

## MCCULLY-SMITH.

Miss Alice Lawrence McCully became the bride of Mr. Francis William Smith at a fashionable wedding on Saturday, the ceremony being performed at high noon in Central Union Church. It was a pretty May wedding, replete with the beauty of flowers. When the solemn words which made the couple man and wife were said by the minister, their vows were made in the presence of friends and well wishers who more than filled the church, which was attractively decorated, lilies being a conspicuous

## KNOCKED DOWN AND RUN OVER

Gross carelessness on the part of a man driving a surrey last night almost resulted in the calling of a coroner's jury. The driver, whoever he was, after knocking down a tram car driver who was fixing a switch just opposite the central fire station on Beretania street, whipped up his horse and disappeared before anyone could pursue him. The man is described as one wearing at the time a black suit of clothes, a black derby hat, around which was a red lei interwoven with malle.

The cars came from Punahou to the fire station about 2:15 and the front one was switched over to the Progress block to wait until the church services were over. As the car passed onto the switch a tram driver off duty set the switch for the regular car and then stepped back out of reach of the tram. As he did so the surrey was driven around the corner at a good gait, the driver falling easily in the front seat, the only occupant of the vehicle. He was not looking ahead. The front wheel caught the victim on the left leg throwing him to the ground and then passed over him. He was prostrated, with one hand almost under the car, but withdrew it before the front wheel reached him.

The surrey driver looked back for an instant and then whipped up his horse and drove off rapidly. People shouted at him to stop, but without avail. A bicycle policeman was sent to various stables to ascertain the identity of the man in the surrey, but failed to catch him.



# A CROSS OF GOLD Iolani Boys' Gift To Bishop Willis.

(From Saturday's Sheet)

**F**OR THE Chinese students of Iolani College who in a hall last evening to the residence of Bishop Willis to bid farewell to him and to Mrs. Willis preparatory to their departure from the Territory, and also presented him with a beautiful gold cross and a book together with a testimonial letter in scroll design. The congregation of St. Andrew's presented the bishop on Thursday evening with an address, expressed and illuminated.

The presentation last night was made by a committee consisting of Messrs. Chung K. Ai, Lau Tang, Tong Hong, Wang Charles Ah Fook and Yap See Young. Mr. Ah Fook being the spokesman. Each of the young men was a graduate of the Iolani College, the college colors, in his uniform. The bishop received his former pupils in the drawing room, and when the greetings were over, Mr. Ah Fook stepped forward and said:

"My Lord: In view of your only departure from this Territory, and owing to the fact that you have been our instructor and guide in bygone days, we, your Chinese students, have assembled here this evening to say a few words of farewell to you and Mrs. Willis. On this significant occasion, it may not be inappropriate to remind you of some of your accomplishments during your sojourn here. But it is not within my province to eulogize upon the great good you have done to the Hawaiian people and the American Church in Hawaii, or to speak of your excellent work for the extension of the Kingdom of God among the Chinese residents within the limits of this island Territory. My mission this evening rather is to testify in behalf of Chinese who have been your students at Iolani, to the valuable services you have rendered in having given us the advantage of an education."

Your Lordship will perhaps recall that as early as 1878 Chinese youths were found attending school at Iolani under your superintendence, and during the quarter of a century that has passed Chinese students have been identified with Iolani, and many of them have become respected citizens of this community. I wish to remind your Lordship particularly of your kindness and generosity to those boys whose parents were too poor to pay for their schooling. The condition of these same boys today testify more than can be expressed in words how much credit is due your Lordship."

Now, if anyone were to ask what are the results of Bishop Willis' educational labors, as far as the Chinese are concerned, I would point him to the various Chinese that have made a mark in the world; to Dr. Sun, the morning star of Chinese reformation, who has stirred the hearts of thousands to the realization of China's need; to Mr. Chung K. Ai, a most enterprising business man, a man noted for his sound and practical business policy; to the Rev. Kong Yin Tet, the pastor of a flourishing Chinese congregation; to Mr. A. L. Ahlo, who has done credit to himself and the Chinese community.

## High Sheriff Brown Has a Little Joke.

The police department put up a big job on the town last night and succeeded in deceiving even the elect.

At 10:35 o'clock the fire alarm sounded five agonizing toots and repeated its performance four times. The voice of the fire whistle can be heard from Moanalua to Waikiki, and when those sibilant blasts rent the air last night, people wondered. Some searched the sky for the lurid glare which is so often born of the midnight alarm. Others energetically sought for information as to what it all meant, and not a few journeyed from home to town to investigate. Not many there were who divined the true import of the deep bass summons or knew that it was the signal of "general alarm," only blown to gather the custodians of the law together on occasions of dire emergency. At the police station all was bustle. Almost before the first round of disturbance had been turned loose officers on horse and foot commenced to arrive at headquarters. For forty minutes they came and the steel-shod hoofs of the mounted patrolmen's horses struck fire along the deserted streets of the city and filled the still air with the sound of galloping.

An armed officer guarded the portals of the station house and challenged the seekers after information. As the officers came in their names were checked off a list and they were lined up in the courtyard of the jail to await orders.

Meanwhile a big crowd of men, women and children collected outside the building and clamored excitedly to be told the news. The wildest rumors were rife.

There was a bloody pataciani riot in progress down the line, a cataclysm of nature was imminent, a mob of Orientals were raiding the town; such were a few of the reports which circulated about town.

The thing which gave the whole affair away was the attitude of High Sheriff Brown and Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth. Immaculately arrayed in their uniforms they took things altogether too smoothly for a matter of life and death, and as soon as this was noticed the jig was up, and the culprits in the nefarious scheme to wake up the town, admitted that they were just "testing the system."

Considering the fact that the police knew nothing whatever of the intended "general alarm," the results of the test were eminently satisfactory and creditable to the police department.



Right Reverend Bishop Willis.

us, and in recognition of which we herewith present you this ivory card-case, as a small token of our gratitude, and desire your acceptance of the same.

Wherever your future lot may be cast, My Lord and Mrs. Willis, you have our aloha and best wishes.

And now, fellow countrymen, let us from this day forth take increased devotion to utilize the knowledge imparted to us by his Lordship, and strive to keep pace with the great onward march of civilization. Our theater of action may be small, but for spectators we have the world.

The cross is a magnificent piece of workmanship, done in 24 carat Roman gold. At its top appears the Bishop's mitre and at the bottom the crossed keys of St. Peter. At the ends of the cross arms are crosses of St. Andrew. On the lower end of the upright of the cross are Chinese characters which say "May our reciprocal remembrance be everlasting."

The cross reposes in a white satin box and there is with it a chain of the same material beautifully chased.

Accompanying the gift is an engraved address on parchment, bound in the Iolani colors, light blue. The address says:

"To the Rt. Rev. Alfred Willis, D. D., Bishop of Honolulu."

"My Lord:

"We, the Chinese alumni of Iolani College, recognizing the valuable services rendered by your Lordship to us during your incumbency as principal of said institution, and not unmindful of your excellent work for the extension of the Kingdom of God among the Chinese residents within the limits of the Hawaiian Islands, do herewith present your Lordship this cross, a small token

of our appreciation of and our gratitude for your services to us."

"In presenting this testimonial we assure you that as a patient teacher, a wise counsellor and most excellent instructor, and a friend, you will ever be remembered by your Chinese students with feelings of the highest regard and esteem."

This is signed by Chung K. Ai, Lau Tang, Tong Hong, Wang Charles Ah Fook and Yap See Young, committee.

The other names on the testimonial are: A. L. Ahlo, Chang Chau, Chang En, Chang En Loy, Chang Kim, Chang Chow, Ching, Dai Yau, Ching Hongwa, Ah Ching Hung, Cheong Ching Lai, Ching Sing Nam, Chong F. Sing, Chung Tai, Dai L. Akwai, Goo Harry Heen, Moses Heen, William Heen, Ho En Seong, Kwong Leong Shing, Kwong Shun Tai, Kwong Yin Tet, Lai Young, Lai Koon Chan, Look Mongwa, Oo Ah Kun, Tsai Mo, Tsai Ah Ping, Teo Yik Far, Teo Yik Tong, Wong Ling, Wong Kim Chong, Wong Philip, Wong Sim Ling, Yee Ping, Ying Shew, Yung Bawl, Yung Edward, Yung Tong, Li Chuck, Li Ping Kuli, Lin Shen Yau, Liu Ah Yin, Lo Ching, Lo Choy, Lo On.

ADDRESS FROM THE CONGREGATION.

Bishop Willis has been presented with a most elaborate address from the Cathedral congregation. It is engrossed and illuminated, the design being in the form of a cathedral gothic arch. The illumination is most artistic and elaborate. There are designs from the stained glass windows of the cathedral, representing the crucifixion and the resurrection, representations of the cathedral, the pro-cathedral and the

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## HORSE DROWNED IN HONOMANU

(Special to The Advertiser.)

MAUI, May 17.—During the early part of the week unusually heavy downpours of rain prevailed in the Keane-Nahiku section, causing all the valleys and gulches to run furiously and rendering the fording places unsafe for travel. Monday, the 16th, the Hana mailman lost a horse at a gulch called Puchukamoa, on the Huelo side of the large valley of Honomanu, near Keane. Every little gulch in that region has recently been provided with a narrow suspension foot bridge, but only the wide crossings have broad and strong bridges. The mailman, having two horses in his care, led the first one across the boiling flood in safety, he himself walking over the bridge and the horse swimming the stream, guided by a rope. The second attempt was not so successful, for when in the middle of the current the rope broke and the horse was swept out to sea and drowned.

During the week, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Potter, Miss Hartwell, and Mrs. F. F. Baldwin have been at Olinde House, as the guests of Mrs. H. A. Baldwin.

Today Mrs. Watson of Maunaloa Seminary departs for Honolulu on a visit to her daughter, Mrs. William Forbes.

Mrs. Simpson of Paia, who is a trained kindergarten teacher, has recently started a kindergarten club with six or eight girls and boys as members.

The afternoon of the 16th the Ladies' Reading Club of Makawao met at Maunaloa Seminary, Paia.

Friday evening, the 18th, was the date set for the meeting of the Makawao Debating Society, but owing to the small attendance, caused by rainy weather, the debate was postponed to the second Friday evening in June.

The marriage on Saturday of Charles Musgrave, the genial roadmaster of the Oahu Railway Company, to Miss Edna Dellinger of Whatecom, Wash., was the culmination of a pretty romance, the happy couple having been close friends since their early school days. The ceremony was performed at 11 a. m. by the Rev. W. M. Kincaid of Central Union church, at the pretty home provided by the groom on Kinau street. The rooms were beautifully decorated for the occasion with trailing vines and choice white flowers. The bride, who

arrived in the Alameda, was accompanied by her mother and a life-long friend, Miss Zulu Jenkins, who, with the members of the Waity family, formed the wedding party. The bride's gown was a dream of white silk grenade over white taffeta, en traine, handsomely trimmed with garniture of white applique and chiffon. After partaking of a delicious wedding breakfast the newly married couple left by special train for Haleiwa, where they will spend their honeymoon. The receipt of many and costly presents shows in what great esteem the bride and groom are held.

Mustard and installation of officers occupied the attention of the members of the newly organized Camp Theodore Roosevelt, No. 249, Spanish-American War Veterans, at the Y. M. C. A. last night. The muster was accomplished by Major A. H. Otis, late of the Washington Volunteers, who was designated as mustering officer from headquarters. He also presented to Post Commander E. T. Tannatt the charter signed in blank by the commanding general and adjutant general of the association. The next meeting will take place a week from next Monday, the place and time to be announced later.

Following is the list of officers mustered in: Post commander, E. Tannatt; senior vice commander, J. H. Flynn; junior vice commander, Mr. Lando; adjutant, G. Seyde; quartermaster, H. Ruff; chaplain, David Dunlap; officer of the day, W. Barth; officer of the guard, Mr. Simpson.

**Chinese New Testament.**  
PRINCETON, N. J., May 9.—A Chinese New Testament of considerable value has been presented to the Theological Seminary library. The book, which is a fac simile of the one recently presented to the Empress Dowager of China and which is probably the only one of its kind in America, was given to the library by Mrs. John Stranoch of Philadelphia. It was presented to her by the British and Foreign Bible Society in recognition of the services of her husband, who translated the New Testament into Chinese. The book is bound in full Morocco and has solid gold clasps. It was published at the University of Oxford.

Mrs. Emma M. Nakulua has been appointed Commissioner of Private Ways and Water Rights for the Island of Oahu, comprising the Fourth and Fifth Districts.

Secretary Root, in reply to demands made by the Senate, says that stern measures were necessary in the Philippines, and that force is the more humane as the natives consider a gentle policy a sign of weakness.

LISBON, May 19.—A dispatch received here from Delagoa Bay, Portuguese East Africa, says that peace in South Africa is certain to result from the conference of the Boer leaders to be held at Vereeniging, Transvaal, May 15th. It is said the dispatch continues that peace will be officially proclaimed May 20th. Preparations are afoot for general rejoicing.

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The Cross of Gold Presented to Bishop Willis.

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# AHEAD OF THE GAME

## Home Rulers Steal a March at Hilo.

(From Herald and Tribune.)

HILO, Hawaii, May 15.—Hilo Home Rulers attempted to steal a march on both Republicans and Democrats by an early primary, at which were nominated on the Independent ticket recognized leaders of the two great parties. Some of the candidates for the Legislature chosen by the Home Rulers had been picked for places on the Republican ticket, and the leaders of the Republican party say that the prior action of the Home Rulers will have no effect upon their own plans, as they intend to nominate the men they wish, even though they already have places upon the Home Rule ticket.

The convention of the Home Rulers was held at Puna church last week, and a complete Legislative ticket placed in the field.

Speeches were made by friends of the candidates and their names were presented, and it is a noticeable fact that among those named were men from each of the three parties in the Territory. Men who at the last election were candidates on the Republican, Home Rule or Democratic ticket were placed in nomination whether or not they had permitted the use of their names. They were, for the Senate: Rev. S. L. Desha, John T. Baker, R. M. Makakao, I. K. Lalakea, J. D. Paris, Palmer Wood, A. B. Loebenstein, J. Palau, H. S. Rickard and Sam Kanehane.

A number of ballots were taken before a selection could be made, and when the final was taken John T. Baker and Palmer Wood seemed to be the choice of the convention. Governor Baker is at the head of the Hawaiian Republicans of this district, and it is not believed he will accept the nomination, even though he should get the endorsement of his organization.

Palmer Wood is a young man of education and character and is engaged in ranching in Kohala. He was a Democratic candidate at the last election.

The rush of candidates for the House was slightly less than that for the Senate, and party members who failed to get nominations for their friends to the Senate again pressed their claim. Among the names presented were: J. N. Kamoku, David Ewaliko, William Nallima, H. M. Makakao, H. S. Rickard, M. K. Kealawa, J. K. Paahau, J. Matron and David Keliipo.

A number of ballots were taken before a result was reached, the fortunate ones being J. N. Kamoku, David Ewaliko, William Nallima and David Keliipo. The first and last are members of the Hawaiian Republican Club, and at least one of them, David Keliipo, will receive its endorsement in the regular Republican primaries. A prominent Hawaiian Republican says his club favors Desha and Paris for Senators and Lewis and Keliipo for the lower House. Home Rulers in Hamakua and Puna will name their candidates, and it is not known whether they will select others or endorse those named by the Hilo convention last Thursday. This latter event is not likely as neither Hamakua nor Puna will consent to Hilo having too large a representation.

Following is the vote:  
Representatives—Nallima, 7; Ewaliko, 6; Kamoku, 5; Keliipo, 4; Matron, 1; Rickard, 1.  
Senate—Palmer Wood, 6; J. T. Baker, 4; Lalakea, 3.

### A MAY FESTIVAL.

The Ladies' Social Club is arranging for a May Festival to be given on the 23rd of the month in the Hilo Hotel grounds. The feature of the festival will be a May pole dance to be given by sixteen of the prettiest girls in Hilo. The affair is under the direction of Mrs. L. Severance, assisted by Mrs. Holmes and Mrs. Marsh. Booths will be constructed for the sale of nick-nacks and refreshments. The candy booth will be conducted by Miss Harriett Hitchcock and Miss Lyman. Mrs. Cruzan will preside at the cake and ice cream booth. The booth de bouillon will be under the supervision of Mrs. J. U. Smith and Mrs. Baldwin. Salads and cold meats will be dispensed by Mrs. Shipman and Mrs. Reid. Mrs. Terry will have charge of the booth carrying coffee and sandwiches. Tea will be served by Mrs. R. T. Guard and Mrs. Shaw.

### SPECIAL TERM OF COURT.

Judge Little will hold a special term of court, beginning June 2. He is expected home from Washington by the next Kinau, and the juries for the special term have already been summoned. There were four fishing rights suits filed here this week by the Bishop estate.

The grand jury will have to consider the case of Simono, a Japanese charged with the larceny of goods from Barnard's store. In the man's room was found a lot of stolen goods and \$700 in cash. The man was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Swain, but escaped and later was rearrested by Officer Votaro.

### BALLOON ASCENSION FAILS.

Leonard, the aeronaut, has made two unsuccessful attempts at a balloon ascension in Hilo. Last Saturday he was prevented by his balloon catching fire, and when he attempted a second ascension Tuesday, the wind carried the flying machine away before he was ready to ascend. A Japanese was caught in the ropes but escaped the aerial flitting by his presence of mind in cutting the ropes. Leonard promises that he will give a balloon ascension before he leaves the town.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

A mass meeting is called for tonight to be held at Fireman's Hall, at which plans for the Fourth of July celebration will be discussed. A big parade

## METEOROLOGICAL SUMMARY FOR THE MONTH OF APRIL

Temperature mean for the month, 71.5; normal, 71.5; average daily maximum, 74.1; average daily minimum, 66.7; mean daily range, 7.4; greatest daily range, 19 degrees; mean daily range, 1 degree; highest temperature, 85; lowest, 41.

Barometer average, 30.017; normal, 30.022; highest, 30.34, on the 12th and 13th; lowest, 29.84, on the 2nd; greatest 24-hour change, 0.50, 1.7, from any given hour on one day to the same hour on the next; "lows" passed this point on the 2nd and 13th; "highs" on the 8th and 18th.

Relative humidity, 72.5; normal, 71.5; mean dew point, 61.9; normal, 63; mean absolute moisture, 6.15 grains to the cubic foot; normal, 6.40; dew on the grass, 8 days.

Rainfall, 1.57 inches; normal, 2.99; rain-record days, 17; normal, 17; greatest rainfall in one day, 0.60, on the 4th; total at Luakaha, 25.06; at Kapiolani Park, 1.23.

The arctic sea level rose during the month from 24.05 to 24.10 feet above mean sea level. The average daily mean sea level for the month was 2.75 (feet) on the scale, 10.00 representing the assumed annual mean.

Trade-wind days, 24 (8 of NNE); normal, 20; average force of wind during daylight, Beaufort scale, 2.6. Clouds, mean, 10.5; normal, 11.

Approximate percentages of district rainfall as compared with normal: Hilo, 89 per cent; Hamakua, 100; Kohala, 120; Waimea, 120; Kona, 60; Kau, 40; Puna, 100; Maui, 175; Oahu, extremely variable, from 55 in Honolulu to 200 in Koolau; Kauai, 175. The heaviest rainfall for the month was at Nahiku, E. Maui, 16.00 feet elevation, 39.69, with 12.32 in 24 hours. At Waipaho, 15 miles distant, no rain for the month.

Mean temperatures: Pepeekeo, Hilo district, 100 feet elevation, average maximum, 76.4; average minimum, 67.5; Waimea, Hawaii, 2780 feet elevation, 75.3 and 59.6; Kohala, 521 feet elevation, 76.1 and 65.1; Waiahoia, Kula, Maui, 2700 feet elevation, 78.7 and 58.1; Nahiku, Maui, 1600 feet elevation, 72.6 and 61.7; United States Magnetic Observatory, 83.4 and 63.8; Ewa Mill, 80.7 and 64.3.

Mr. Fleming, at the Magnetic Observatory, reports 9 a. m. dew pt., 61.9; relative humidity, 64.2; 9 p. m., 61.5 and 78.2; mean, 61.6 and 71.1; Ewa, mean dew point, 60; mean humidity, 68; Kohala, mean dew point, 64; mean humidity, 80.

Earthquake on Hawaii on the 7th, 10:30 p. m., also noticed at Honolulu. Heavy surf, 1st to 3rd, 9th, 20th and 28th.

The month on the whole uneventful in the meteorological line.

CURTIS J. LYONS, Territorial Meteorologist.

### RAINFALL FOR APRIL, 1902.

#### HAWAII.

Stations— (Ft.) (Inches) Elev. Rain.

Hilo— 50 9.48

Waiakea— 100 10.23

Hilo (town)— 100 10.23

Kaunakakai— 1250 14.04

Pepeekeo— 100 7.90

Hakalau— 200 11.05

Honolulu— 300 15.11

Laupahoehoe— 500 18.50

Ookala— 400 7.57

Hamakua— 250 8.23

Kukui— 900 7.90

Paahou— 750 6.36

Paahou Mill— 300 6.36

Maui— 100 10.23

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ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

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Per Month, Domestic, .75  
Per Year, Foreign, \$10.00  
Per Year, Domestic, \$7.50

—Payable in Advance.

A. W. PEARSON,  
Manager.

TUESDAY, MAY 20

The applicant's statement sets a most interesting and unusual case.

If Delano Wilson can't do anything else at Washington he might try and get one of the new gunboats named after Honolulu.

If it had been St. Thomas instead of St. Pierre, the Danes would have been rumbling over each other the next day to complete their bill of sale.

One could easily excuse a Republican Congress for taking the duties off beef until the trust gives in to Australian, Mexican and Canadian competition.

Private advices from Washington inform us that, owing to the loss of \$25,000,000 of revenue by the repeal of the war taxes, there is little hope for the passage of the Hawaiian fire claims bill.

The President of Cuba is having a fine time now, but as soon as the opposition press gets under way and shows him up as a yankomaniac he will know for sure that he is in politics.

If Kilauea breaks out, as some anticipate, there will be no need of waiting for the Kinai to know of the fact. The glow on the sky and the fumes in the air, have hitherto apprised Honolulu of the fact.

There can be no objection to Home Rulers nominating Republicans as was done at Hilo. The more the better. It is when they nominate Home Rulers that the mischief begins.

Mr. Hoag is mentioned for the next Democratic nomination. Seeing how many Democrats are ready to charge on the feed trough, such a leader ought to get the whole party at his heels. Hurrah for Hoag and Harmony.

The statement that the President declined to let General Maude, a French decoration is denied. It begins to look as if these stories of snubs were a part of the game to increase General Miles' chances for a Presidential nomination.

We hope the authorities will impound every stray bull which appears in the streets of Honolulu or its suburbs and, if they have the power, prevent the loose driving of such animals on the public thoroughfares. A bull, as the Lashmea tragedy proved, is liable at any time to see red. It is not fair to expose the passer-by to his sudden bursts of fury.

Bishop Willis intends to establish the Anglican church in Tunga as Bishop Stanley did here. Starting as he will with a congregation formed out of an English population of two hundred, a smaller number of other Europeans and a native race numbering 20,000, there would seem to be reason why the Bishop should be able, if he keeps his health and exercises good judgment, to build up a flourishing Episcopate.

The late Admiral Sampson was not a popular man but he was a deserving one. No more conscientious officer served in the navy and his professional and scientific attainments were such as to lead President McKinley to give him the highest naval command in the Spanish war though his rank was only that of a captain. As things turned out the honor was but Dead Sea fruit.

### LEGISLATORS UNBIASED.

If there is a lesson in the action of Congress in the matter of the fixing of the terms of Senators for this Territory, where the legislature failed to act, it is that there is no bias in the settlement of such matters, but they are approached with a desire to do what seems fair. It was an unfortunate decision, one which can be justified only in the belief that the Home Rulers as a party are entitled to the benefit of their proportionate strength, without taking district lines into consideration, but it has in it perhaps something of assurance for the future, if it is to become a precedent.

From the record there was no weight given to the pleas of policy, to the point urged that the Republican majority should take care of the struggling party here, but with a spirit of desire that the Home Rulers, having a majority in the last Senate, should be entitled to a similar proportion of the holdovers, the members of Congress appear to have approached this matter and settled it. This much then is known, that the next Senate will start off with a majority of the body in the holdovers, and a Home Rule vote of 5 to 3 in that majority. The problem then becomes one of selecting seven Republicans this fall. Congress seems to have felt that the situation is one which can be solved by the Republicans standing together and working, and that seems to be the outlook now.

The status of Hawaiian legislation would indicate that the desire to be eminently fair will govern the legislative branch in its consideration of all matters affecting the islands. Latest reports indicate that there will be no land laws without investigation, that there are to be no local bills which would encroach on the prerogatives of the legislature, and that a commission will be among the visitors here during the recess, which will result in the making known to Congress of many things of which the members have heard only through the statements of persons interested in the schemes placed before them. If through lack of appreciation of conditions Congress has been led into doing the Republican party and particularly the Third Senatorial District an injustice, the spirit which animated the legislation was one which may be invoked in the future to the benefit of the Territory.

### VOLCANIC HAWAII.

The volcanic activity of the Hawaiian Islands has been a subject of much interest to all who travel in a volcanic region, and there are no doubt many who are interested in the volcanic activity of the Hawaiian Islands. The Hawaiian Islands are a volcanic archipelago, and the volcanic activity of the Hawaiian Islands has been a subject of much interest to all who travel in a volcanic region, and there are no doubt many who are interested in the volcanic activity of the Hawaiian Islands.

With so many advantages in the way of the tropical growth which responds to cultivation and water here, the next thought which should be given careful turning by the people, is what shall they do to make the new Waikiki boulevard a thing of beauty. With the building of the old line of the road, the question of the new road is a thing of beauty. With the building of the old line of the road, the question of the new road is a thing of beauty.

Of the many plans which have been discussed there is one which is finding lodgment in the minds of certain Waikiki folk, and which promises to be brought up by the time the new road is completed. This is the utilization of a strip of space between the portion of the roadway which is to be used for the street railways and that which will furnish the driving crown, for the cultivation of palms and tropical trees. The first result would be to bring into the new boulevard an element of beauty which would in time, and a short time too, make it one of the most talked of drives in the world.

The combination of sea and mountain scene, the picturesqueness of the scenes which mark the route of the road, all would contribute to the beauty of the plans for beautifying it. The criticism that the beauty of the drives and streets is passing with the improvements, the cutting down of trees and palms, must be met with activity looking toward the creation of newer beauties, which will replace the old ones. Every returning visitor whose initial acquaintance dates to the days before the hand of progress was so heavy, remarks the changes and deplores them. They were inevitable and time will show the great wisdom of the men who decreed them, but this makes the duty of providing new beauties for the visitor the more imperative.

The fate of the cocoanuts placed along the Ala Moana indicates the necessity for care of young trees and there may be necessary some combination of citizens which will act with the public officials for the placing of trees and palms along the new road. It would seem to be time for the inauguration of the Waikiki Improvement Club, and there would be plenty of work for it to do, with the widening of the road proceeding with vigor and its future as the scenic drive, resting in the hands of the people.

### RETURNED FIGHTERS MISSIONARIES.

One element which will appear in the coming political campaign in the States is the songs written by the hikers of the distant Philippines, to while away the long hours spent in camp and wardroom. These without exception have catchy refrains, which tell of the horrors of the situation and the desire for the land where there are true Americans. The importance of this element must not be underrated, and it is safe to say that before the leaves begin to turn there will be many a club of returned soldiers singing the home songs, whose refrains abuse the Philippines.

The homegoing transports have given the people of Honolulu a chance to meet many soldiers and sailors who have turned their faces to the rising sun, with the earnest hope that never again may they be called upon to serve in the Far East. There is without exception almost, an expression of disgust on every lip when one asks a veteran what he thinks of the war and the conditions in the islands. The men have seen the quality of the Tagalo and Moro, the Visayan and the Sulu, and they fail to find even a germ of the manhood which makes a good American citizen. This of course speaking generally and making exceptions for the men who have by special study made themselves fit leaders for their people.

Another point is that the American soldier does not like the work. He may give the water cure, he may turn the ants upon the treacherous guinea who would lose him in the jungle, but without he does not take to the work with zest, and when it is over it leaves a bad taste in his mouth. They do not want to talk about their experiences, and from the testimony now being adduced before the Senate committee at Washington there is reason. The country which has been once occupied by the President will uncover much that the people do not want to hear, but like Americans they will take their nauseous dose and brace up, and the Army will shake itself free from such precedents, and fight as fairly and as humanely as before.

The question then is has the damage been done, for the party in the majority must bear the brunt of criticism of the acts of every portion of the official family. Will the voters take the view of the responsibility which the minority wishes to force upon them? The problems for the Fall are many and will be watched from this distance with more than usual interest.

### BENEVOLENT ASSIMILATION.

The argument that the army had terrible provocation in Samar does not excuse its infractions of the moral law. Nor does it appear that the kind of war made by the natives was in any sense as horrible as that waged upon the army for an hundred years by Indian tribes. It did not become necessary for our troops, in punishing the Indian hostiles, to commit such atrocities. Though their own comrades were scalped, burned at the stake and tied to ant hills, and though they were often compelled to bury women and children whom the redmen had horribly mutilated, yet our soldiers made honorable warfare. They did not kill everybody over ten nor make a wilderness and call it peace; they were, on the contrary, humane to a degree which at first awoke the wonder and finally compelled the respect and expedited the surrender of all the border tribes.

General Smith in giving the Samar order which has made him notorious, forgot, as so many others of our soldiers and missionaries have, what we are there for. Our purpose was never more clearly stated than by President McKinley, when he called it "benevolent assimilation." While putting down revolt we were not, by our conduct, to invite it; it was for us to show such a spirit of order, sobriety and moderation, such justice and good will, as to make the people of the Philippines feel that it would benefit them.

### TROPICAL BOULEVARD.

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### LOCAL BREVITIES.

(From Saturday's daily.)

An eight and a half pound boy was born last evening to the wife of H. T. Walley.

Mr. Henry C. Adams has been appointed a member of the District Road Board for Koolaukoko.

A King Edward VII coronation medal is on exhibition in a display window of the Pacific Hardware Company.

It was decided to hold a regatta at Pearl Harbor on the fourth of July and to have races for all classes of boats.

The Rapid Transit conductors and motormen are to be uniformed in blue. Khaki is too cool for evening wear and comes out of the wash looking badly.

Jared Smith has received a letter from a Marshall, Minnesota, farmer inquiring about the opportunities for American citizens in Hawaii. The writer is desirous of farming in the Territory.

Hugh McIntyre, one of Honolulu's kanaakas, returned yesterday in the Alameda from the coast, where he has been sojourning for several months in the interest of his health. He will take the management of May & Co.

At a meeting of the Hawaii Yacht Club, held yesterday afternoon in the office of Secretary Weaver, the rules of the club adopted at a recent meeting, were passed without objection. They are what is known as the Seawanhaka rules.

Mr. Irvin, a well known San Francisco illustrator, came down on the Alameda to take Mr. Yardley's place on the Advertiser. Mr. Yardley will return to the coast and then go east to study in a school of drawing and painting.

Judge Gilbert F. Little returned on the Alameda without his alias. The Judge is feeling as well as could be expected and has plenty of explanations for his mishap on the Governorship. He will return to Hilo on the next Kinai and reopen court.

Fifteen thousand bags of sugar stored at Kealia warehouse on Maake plan to inspect them for several months. He will spend the most of his time at the Parker ranch, having received a special invitation from Alfred W. Carter to visit the place. He will disembark at Kawaihae and be met by some one from the ranch. The Waimea district is the location also of a number of small farms, and Mr. Smith will discuss plans with the farmers of that district as well. This is the first visit of the director to the Waimea country.

H. T. Marsh was elected trustee yesterday by the creditors of A. E. Nichols, at a meeting held in the office of Referee W. S. Fleming. Nearly all the creditors of Nichols were represented either in person or by attorneys. Wade Thayer was also nominated for the position of trustee, but failed of election. A. A. Wilder, at the hearing, questioned the discharge of the bankrupt. The assets are practically nothing, and Mr. Wilder inquired if the bankrupt did not have an interest in a piece of land mortgaged to the Queen's Hospital. This interest is now in the bankrupt's wife, and it is alleged she has an interest in other property formerly held by him.

Lewis and Turk are out, having had their sentence reduced five days by good behavior.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Logan celebrated their twenty-fifth wedding anniversary Saturday. Mr. Logan is a member of the Republican Territorial Committee from the Fifth District, has resigned his position.

Miss Hart, physical instructor at Oahu College, and Miss Wynne of the Punahou Preparatory School, walked six miles to Waialua Saturday in about 11 hours on a wagon.

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Land Commissioner Lloyd officiated at an auction sale of land leases Saturday morning. The Pepeekeo Sugar Co. bought the lease at Kapaemahu, 20 acres for five years for \$600 per year.

The Rev. Canon Weymouth, of Wailuku, Maui, will deliver the address on the occasion of the memorial services of the G. A. R. at St. Andrew's cathedral, on the evening of Sunday, May 25th.

W. O. Smith, who has just returned from Washington, is hopeful that Congress will give Hawaii relief in the payment of fire claims. If allowed the appropriation would be attached to the sundry civil bill.

N. M. O'Shaughnessy, a civil engineer, is here to take charge of the construction of the new irrigation plants to be installed on Makaweli Plantation. The surveys have already been made and the contract is to be let immediately.

Major Wood of the Salvation Army will leave in the Kinai tomorrow for his final inspection tour of the Army's work on Maui. He will land at Lahaina and lead a meeting there, on Tuesday night, afterwards conducting farewell services at Waieae, Hanalei, and Wailuku, returning by the Claudine from Kakaui on Saturday.

The Kinai will probably sail for San Francisco the last week in July.

Owing to indisposition, the Princess Kawananakoa will not receive this afternoon.

Mr. J. K. Kentwell, general manager of The Hawaiian Realty and Maturity Co., Ltd., goes to Hilo today.

A meeting of the Republican Territorial Central Committee will be held on Friday evening, at 7:30 o'clock.

Judge Estee has affirmed the sale of real estate made in the Voeller bankruptcy matter by Fred Wundenberg, the trustee.

A special train will run to the Pearl City cemetery on Memorial Day at 2 p. m. The train will lay at the siding for an hour.

Commissioner Wray Taylor has received specimens of a "slug" which is said to be doing damage to crops on Hawaii. The new pest is believed to have been brought here from Japan.

The Rapid Transit did a large day's business on Saturday, the receipts amounting to about \$32. The bulk of the traveling, however, was done after 6 o'clock in the afternoon, every car being crowded with pleasure seekers.

Supt. Boyd is booked to leave on the Kinai today for Hilo, to be gone for a couple of weeks. While away he will look into the public works on Hawaii, including the construction of the new Hilo dock.

Wahala and Oahu plantations are said to be negotiating with the California colonists at Wahiawa for the use of about 400 acres of sugar land. The colonists are figuring also upon the advisability of getting into cane cultivation on their own account.

The members of the Fire Claims Commission began signing the awards yesterday morning. Commissioner Kepolai arrived Sunday for that purpose. Signatures of a majority of the commissioners are binding, and Commissioner Pratt, who is now in Washington, can sign upon his return to Honolulu.

Rev. A. V. Soares of the Portuguese Protestant church was visited by a Porto Rican couple Sunday, who wished him to officiate at their wedding. As the man was a Protestant and the woman a Catholic, Rev. Mr. Soares refused to perform the ceremony, whereupon each attempted to convert the other, that they might be married. At last accounts they were still seeking a minister.

Assistant United States Attorney J. J. Dunne has been designated by the Attorney General to represent the government in the Pearl Harbor cases on appeal. J. E. Richards, the Acting Attorney General, has notified Mr. Dunne that he will be kept informed from San Francisco at what time the cases will be called up in the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals, and if possible, the Honolulu Plantation Company case and the Bishop Estate appeal will be taken up at the same time.

Jared G. Smith, director of the Agricultural Experiment Station, leaves on the Kinai today for a ten days' tour of inspection in Waimea district on Hawaii. He will spend the most of his time at the Parker ranch, having received a special invitation from Alfred W. Carter to visit the place. He will disembark at Kawaihae and be met by some one from the ranch. The Waimea district is the location also of a number of small farms, and Mr. Smith will discuss plans with the farmers of that district as well. This is the first visit of the director to the Waimea country.

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## Rheumatism

Is a rack on which you need not suffer long.

It depends on an acid condition of the blood, which affects the muscles and joints, causes inflammation and pain, and results from defective digestion and a torpid action of the liver, kidneys and skin.

Sciatica, lumbago and stiff neck are forms of it.

Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured me of rheumatism. I was so I could not lift anything and my knees were so stiff I could hardly get up or down stairs. Since taking three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I have never felt a symptom of rheumatism, and I gladly recommend Hood's for this disease." Mrs. HARRY TERNER, Bolivar, Mo.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Neutralize the acidity of the blood, perfect digestion and excretion, and radically and permanently cure rheumatism.

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Nickle, Silver, Gold Filled and Solid Gold.

We have a full line and sell them at right prices.

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Elgins stand for what is right in time-keeping and lasting qualities, and that is why we are right in pushing the Elgin Watch.

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## Hamburg-Grethen Fire Insurance Co

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F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents.

## German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.

## Fortuna General Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates, and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., General Agents.

## General Insurance Co. for Sea, River and Land Transport, of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates, and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

## Now is the Time to Plant SEEDS

A large shipment of fresh seeds has just been received.

It is not necessary to send to the coast for garden or vegetable seeds when the same may be had in a few days from the

## Hollister Drug Company Honolulu, Hawaii.

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P. C. Jones, Vice President

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Directors—Henry Waterhouse, Tom May, F. W. Macfarlane, E. D. Tenney, J. A. McCandless.

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Are warranted to cure all kinds of constipation, biliousness, indigestion, and all kindred complaints. Free from Mercury. Established upwards of 20 years. In boxes of 60 each, of all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors, The Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England.



# CHANGING CONDITIONS

## Amateurs Only to Drive for Cup.

**1** HIRTY-FIVE members of the Jockey Club met at the Hawaiian Hotel last night and, seeking right down to work, transacted considerable business of an important nature pertaining to the forthcoming race meeting.

President Cornwell was in the chair. Vivian Richardson and Llewellyn Gay were elected members of the club. After a spirited discussion it was decided to change the conditions of the gentlemen's driving race, which formerly called for owners to drive, and in the framing of which nothing was originally said about the contestants having to be amateurs.

The conditions of the race as defined at last night's meeting were as follows: Gentlemen's driving race—Open to members of the Jockey Club who have never driven for a purse; owners to drive. Trophy, a \$50 cup; distance, one mile heat.

In addition to the cup offered by the Jockey Club for the amateur event, a buggy, a cart and a set of harness have been put up for competition by business houses in the city, making the event the most valuable on the program.

The vote on the motion was 16 to 9. It was decided to write to San Francisco in order to ascertain from competent authorities just what constitutes an amateur and a professional driver. A great deal of doubt exists locally upon this point, though why this should be so is hard to tell. A professional driver is a man who has at any time competed for a purse hung up by an association. Whether he won or not is immaterial, the fact that he has competed for money effectually damaging his amateur status.

Should the gentlemen's driving race have been driven under its original conditions, admitting professional reinmen, and should an amateur driver have competed with a professional in this race, he would cease to be an amateur, notwithstanding the fact that the prize was a trophy and not of a monetary nature.

R. Daly, the caterer, offered a \$50 cup for the gentlemen's driving race last night, providing that only road horses and not race horses were allowed to enter. As this condition was impossible on the face of it, Mr. Daly stated that he would give the cup for a race to be run at the next meeting of the Jockey Club.

Secretary Crabbe stated that he had received a communication from W. Diamond, secretary of the Merchants' Association, stating that if the Jockey Club would give a meeting during the festa to be held in July, the association would be willing to contribute \$500 in purses.

The matter was left to the executive committee of the club and Secretary Crabbe was instructed to notify the Merchants' Association that it was the sense of the meeting that the club should have races in July, but that nothing definite should be done in the matter until the June meeting was over.

July 26 was mentioned as the best date for the festa races, that day sandwiching comfortably between the meeting at Hilo on July 4 and Wailuku races on August 12.

It was decided to add a new race for Hawaiian bred running horses to the program. A cup was recently discovered in a safe in the city which was offered several years ago by the Oceanic Steamship Company for competition at six furlongs by Hawaiian bred horses. This cup had to be won twice. Once Ballentine's Amario won it and in another race Walter's Antidote managed to get a leg in it. Of recent years it seems to have been entirely overlooked. Amario will compete again for it this year, his only antagonist, from the present outlook, being Alta Stacy, a daughter of Amario, at present being trained by George Thomas.

Jim Quinn wanted the free-for-all changed from a three to five to a three heat race. This caused W. M. Cunningham to arise and say that he might have two horses in the free-for-all himself, which would be a race that Quinn would have reason to remember long after the 11th of June.

"All right," said Quinn. "I'm very glad to hear that the free-for-all is going to be a race and I withdraw my motion."

C. J. McCarthy, the donor of the free-for-all cup, stated that the race which had formerly been a two in three heats had been changed at the instigation of certain people, and said very decidedly that in his judgment the existing conditions should remain unchanged.

It was the sense of the meeting that delays in the saddling paddock be not countenanced and that the offenders in this respect be fined.

It was decided that entries should close on Saturday, June 7, or as in previous years two or three days before the races. Entries may be made to the secretary who will be on hand to receive them at Collins' harness shop.

After some discussion as to refreshment privileges the meeting adjourned, subject to the call of the chair.

Little was moving at faster than an exercise gait yesterday morning at the track with the exception of Socialist, who worked a mile in 1:40.

This morning Costello will work Albert M. and Burns will give General Cronje, Nuliah and Del Vista stiff gallops.

Time Center, G. S. McKenzie's runner, which recently hit his leg, is exercising on the track again, having recovered from the effects of his injury.

The Hawaiian bred pacing record is 2:28 1/2, made by Judah about five years ago. Margaret H. took a heat in 2:21 1/2 against Violin on July 4, 1928. She was given the heat on a foul, Violin finishing a wheel ahead of her in 2:21.

The Hawaiian bred trotting record was made by Edith R. last year and is 2:38; previously the record was held by Fred Mack.

Tom Hollinger's big green pacer,

# GOVERNMENT DOCTORS REPORT

## Chicken-Pox, Whooping Cough and Cholera Infantum in April.

Health conditions throughout the islands were good during the month of April, with no unusual diseases excepting chicken pox at Kauai and cholera infantum on Maui. Neither disease was, however, attended by serious results.

Dr. Sadow of Waimea, Kauai, reports that there had been hardly any sickness previous to the cessation of the prolonged rain. He reports also chicken pox among children and influenza among adults, both of a rather mild type. There was one death from diphtheria. It is recommended that the Deputy Sheriff at Waimea be appointed an agent of the Board of Health.

A few cases of influenza are reported at Koloa, Lihue, Kauai, and Dr. Goodhue adds: "Although the plantation camps were in a fair sanitary condition, with the co-operation of the manager of the Koloa Sugar Company we have thoroughly cleaned up and disinfected laborers' premises, and aim to keep them in that condition during the year."

Dr. Wood, at Wailua, Oahu, reports that there have been no deaths for fifty days. He recommends: "There should be proper ventilation, air space and water supply for jail and school buildings."

At Koolaupeke, Oahu, there were fourteen cases of malaria, which Dr. Deas explains: "During a sudden change in the direction of the prevailing winds, while the rice fields mauka were being drained, a number of cases of malarial fever were manifested, but on the return of the normal trades subsided."

Dr. Mouritz, at Leeward, Molokai, recommends that "the school premises at Kamaole should have a water supply."

Sanitary conditions are improving at Wailuku, Maui. Dr. Weidick reports: "I have caused to be erected under my supervision a poi factory with cement floor, leading into trapped piping into proper cesspool. This is in itself a great sanitary advance on the old rotten wooden poi shops."

Influenza is reported at Kihui, Maui, and whooping cough at Makawao, Maui.

Dr. McGittigan, at Hana, Maui, reports: "I have treated forty-five cases of cholera infantum during the month of April. There was one death. The cause was probably the great humidity of the atmosphere following the long wet spell."

From South Kaula, Hawaii, a small epidemic of catarrhal conjunctivitis is reported, chiefly among residents along the beach.

A number of cases of la grippe and dysentery are reported from South Hilo, and influenza is reported from a number of other districts on Hawaii.

## TO ISSUE TREASURY NOTES

Financial relief for the Territory is promised under a plan to be put into effect immediately by Treasurer Wright, with the approval of Acting Governor Cooper and the Executive Council. This is in brief the loan of \$100,000, through the issue of one thousand dollar Treasury notes. Treasurer Wright calls for tenders today for the loan of the amount stated above, all bids to be in at noon on Saturday, June 7th, the money to become available on July 1st.

The loan is made by virtue of Chapter 52, Civil Laws of 1927, and with this amount, in addition to the funds on hand, Treasurer Wright is confident that the government can be carried on until December, when taxes again become payable, and at which time these treasury notes will be redeemed.

The Treasurer may also issue bank treasury notes in the same amount and in the same manner, and Mr. Wright stated yesterday that if the financial conditions made it necessary this would be done. The pro rata expenditures of appropriations will not be changed by reason of the new loan, though it will relieve the situation considerably.

The following is the section of the Civil Laws of 1927 under which the Treasurer is acting:

Sec. 676. The Treasurer, upon the approval of the Governor, may issue, at par, upon public tender, to any person or corporation, **Treasury Notes** in the name of the Hawaiian Territory.

Sec. 677. The said Treasury Notes shall be issued in sums of one thousand dollars or multiples thereof, and shall not exceed at any one time one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Sec. 678. The rate of interest shall not exceed seven per cent. per annum, free of tax, and be payable at the due date of the note.

Sec. 679. The tenders for the said Treasury Notes shall state the rate of interest for gold tenders, or for silver tenders, and whether to be repaid in gold or silver coin.

Sec. 680. The term for which any Treasury Note shall be issued shall not exceed seven months.

Admiral Cervera, the Spanish commander, has turned his attention to the task of rivaling Signor Marconi. He has invented a new system of wireless telegraphy, which the Spanish government has taken up. Already messages that the experiments have been satisfactory.

# THE ROADS OF KAUAI SHAKESPEARE THE MASTER

## Campbell Reports Frederick Warde to Executive Council. Is Interpreter Broadly.

At the regular meeting of the Executive Council yesterday Superintendent Boyd submitted a report upon the roads and bridges of Kauai, and the need and cost of improvements on that island as compiled by Frederick Campbell upon the return from his recent tour of investigation. The report is a lengthy one, covering nearly the entire island, and outlining the conditions of public works on Kauai, and the cost of what-ever improvements are necessary.

Summarized, the twelve-page typewritten report is as follows: The road from Waimea to Kekaha has been well built, but the heavy rains make immediate repairs necessary. The road is but from one to three feet above high water, and is constructed through a very boggy country. About 2000 feet of the road leading to Kekaha mill has been macadamized, but the crossing for the railroad is cut through the macadam, and is unsightly. The plantation company has been notified to place the crossing in proper shape.

Puahu gulch will require a twelve-foot timber opening, and this will be done out of the Road Board's funds. The worst washout is at Waiwaea gulch and a foot bridge is required, which will cost \$550.

The road from Waimea bridge to Kekape valley is in good condition, but the grade is excessive and the valley is flooded by every storm. The road should be raised at least five feet, and equipped with proper drains and culverts. The road through the bottom of Mahinauli gulch needs grading and ditching, but the road from there to the top of the hill on the Makawell side is in good condition.

On Makawell hill to Camp 4, and on to Hanapepe Valley the road is in very bad condition. Hanapepe bridge is in a fair state of preservation, but the superstructure requires painting. Engineer Campbell says that the roads in Waimea Village are not really roads, and recommends that the road engineer be sent there to make a survey.

The Wailua bridge was submerged during the recent storms and the wood work is rotten; it is recommended that new masonry piers be constructed, the total cost of which will be \$1200.

The roads about McBryde plantation are in good condition, the work having been done under the supervision of Mr. McBryde. "With few exceptions," says Mr. Campbell in his report, "I consider the roads through this district to be the best dirt roadways I have ever seen." An allowance of \$400 per month is recommended for the district, also the purchase of a grading machine for \$300.

The roads about Koloa plantation are sadly dilapidated, but the plantation has offered to transport all rock to the crusher, and furnish all power and teams needed to improve them, provided the Government furnishes the labor for the crusher and for spreading the stone. The cost of the work will be \$1200, as the crusher can be taken to Koloa from the Lihue district.

In Lihue the roads are in bad condition from the last storm, and should be raised, but the road board has already been doing repairs, and some of the roads are in fair condition. The allowance of \$300 per month is not sufficient to repair the storm damage, and it will cost about \$2500 to make the required improvements. The purchase of a road grader and a horse roller is recommended for this district.

The Waimea bridge, Mr. Campbell reports, has been badly misused, the plans for its construction not having been followed out. The superstructure was painted with tar without first removing the accumulated rust, and the bridge is now rusting rapidly. It is recommended that the bridge be painted and the approach repaired, at a cost of \$1200. The bridge is of a narrow and obsolete type and the superintendent does not think it worthy of extensive repairs.

In the Kawaihala district the roads are in fair condition, but need some repairs. The purchase of a road grader is recommended for this district also. Anahola bridge in this district was carried out to sea in the recent storm, but Mr. Hundley recovered the bolts, washers and iron and rebuilt the bridge, raising the piers five feet. The approach needs to be graded, the estimated cost being \$1200. The road board is highly commended for its work in dealing with the emergency. It is recommended also that a bridge be constructed across Wainahi gulch for the convenience of ladies and children attending the school, which is situated on the other side of the creek. Children are obliged to remove their clothing and wade across the river, which is said to be very dangerous at times. It is recommended that a light bridge be constructed across the gulch at a cost of \$1000.

Roads through Hanalei district are in good shape, and the needed repairs can be made from the road funds. It is recommended that a bridge be built at Kalihwai gulch, which is crossed now by means of a ferry conducted by the board at a cost of \$35 per month. "There should be constructed at this point," the report concludes, "a bridge of cylinder piers of 160 feet span. The cost of same will be approximately \$5000. It is, I consider, a necessity to the traveling public and if funds permit should be built."

Sunday night all the lines and machinery were stolen from the dredger lighter at Pearl Harbor, and the scow left adrift. A southerly wind was blowing and the scow stranded on the beach at Puuloa. Before being turned adrift the scow was tied up as usual to the wharf of the salt warehouse. Japanese fishermen are thought to have been the thieves.

# AN ENGINEER'S PERIL

## His Hair-Breadth Escape in a Time of Danger.

"In the first place," said Mr. Thomas F. Coleman, an engineer, living at No. 411 First street, Salt Lake City, Utah, before I tell you of my narrow escape, I will say that my position is a hard one. Not only am I obliged to work twenty-four to twenty-six hours at a stretch without any rest—but there is a continual strain of responsibility attached.

"Now this strain and lack of rest had begun to tell upon me. I began to have sick headaches. I grew nervous and every little thing bothered me. Then I became irritable and could find no comfort in anything. Very often a dizziness would come over me. I would feel so faint that I could hardly hold my head up and with it all came loss of appetite and restless, wakeful nights. I was so worn out that I was wholly unfit for my work."

"But I'm in good shape now," went on Mr. Coleman. "I suffered as I described to you for about three years and during that time took prescriptions by the score from some able physicians, but nothing gave me more than temporary relief. All this time I was unfit for work and as I became more and more run down, I then saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People advertised in a newspaper and in August, 1909, I began taking them. I got relief after a few doses and five boxes cured me."

Nervous strain and hard work are the causes of much sickness. The system becomes run down, the nerves racked and the blood becomes poor. The power of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in the vast number of diseases due to derangements of the nervous system or to impure blood has been demonstrated in thousands of instances as remarkable as that of Mr. Coleman.

It is a well established fact that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an unfailing specific for locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatitis, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, after-effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and yellow complexion, and all forms of weakness, either in male or female. At all druggists, or direct from Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., fifty cents per box; six boxes for two dollars and a half.

## BY AUTHORITY.

Henry Cobb Adams, Esq., has this day been appointed a member of the District Road Board for the District of Koolaupeke, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, vice E. P. Aikue, resigned.

JAMES H. BOYD, Superintendent of Public Works, Department of Public Works, May 15th, 1902. 2385

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

H. D. WISHARD HAVING BEEN appointed administrator of the estate of John P. Silva of Kealia, Kauai, deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present same to him at Lihue, Kauai, within six months from date hereof or they will be forever barred, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment to the undersigned.

H. D. WISHARD, Administrator of the Estate of John P. Silva. Lihue, Kauai, May 10th, 1902. May 13-20-27-June 2.

## NOTICE

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING been duly appointed executor of the will of John D. Neal, late of Koloa, Kauai, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to produce proper vouchers to the undersigned at Koloa or Kealia, Kauai, within six months from date hereof, or they will be forever barred, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

E. E. CONANT, JNO. W. NEAL, Executors of the Will of John D. Neal. 2378-April 29-May 6-13-20.

Finally for the beauty, and then he said it would be a case of reading whenever one could find the time.

There is much dissension as to the conception of the characters, he said, but the way to do was to take not the speeches, but the facts, the colloquy, and there would stand revealed the character of the man. He illustrated by several quotations and then said:

"Read Shakespeare and inwardly digest his words and thoughts. He will uplift and ennoble your thoughts and minds. To understand his beauties is to grow nearer to our God."

## Report Made by Inspector Hasson Upon the Government Buildings.

At the meeting of the Executive Council yesterday morning Superintendent Boyd submitted a report from Electrical Inspector Hasson upon the condition of electric wiring in the various public buildings. In nearly every one of them the wiring was found to be defective by Inspector Hasson and will require immediate attention. The heads of departments will be notified and the necessary repairs will be made at once.

Superintendent Boyd reported also that rapid progress was being made on the new Hilo wharf.

A light wine and beer license was granted to Otto S. Meyer at Kaunakakai, Molokai, upon the recommendation of the sheriff.

The dealer's license of Lovejoy & Co. in Honolulu was renewed.

# AN ENGINEER'S PERIL

## His Hair-Breadth Escape in a Time of Danger.

When great adversity of the theory, Frederick Warde, was placed at the head of them, and his great triumph was to be the work of the most authentic columns on the subject. Then the citizens of Boston had made a machine into which were fed the works of Shakespeare, printed on special sheets of paper, and the machine was then able to show the origin of Bacon and that he wrote all the works of Shakespeare.

Bacon was described as a traveler, a student, a soldier and a statesman, one who could not have made the evident blunders which are to be found in Shakespeare. He made several points in this connection and wound up by saying impressively: "I would as soon doubt the authenticity of the Lord's prayer, which I learned to say in childhood at my mother's knee, as to believe that any other hand than that of Shakespeare wrote the plays ascribed to his pen."

Continuing, Mr. Warde showed that the writings of Lord Bacon consist of essays, works which contain logic but nothing of imagination. Of the writings of Shakespeare he said they were full of gems of poetry as bright as the dew which sparkles on the grass under the morning sun. Yet another point made by the actor was that never an author but was more than anxious to have his name printed on the play-bills in larger type than that of the star in the production. Even the Emperor of Germany, he said, wrote a play and let it be known. He then asked if any one could imagine that then Jansson would permit Shakespeare to have the glory of writing the plays if he was not entitled to it, or of Bacon permitting the actor to appear before Queen Elizabeth to read "Macbeth" if he did not write it.

"There is not a note in the gamut of human passions which has not been struck by the master hand, from the towering ambition of the King to the first faint fluttering of love in the maiden's heart. What matter if all his plays are not the creatures of the imagination of Shakespeare. He took the dramas of the Italians and gave them life and vitality. And the lessons they teach, and how delicately they are brought out. While telling a fascinating story there runs through the entire web the thread of the lesson."

Mr. Warde said Shakespeare was an apostle of Christianity. According to the count made by a long-term prisoner in the state prison of Connecticut, the name of God and mercy appear in the works of the poet 937 times, and no single character in the entire list of plays that does not, in his extremity, appeal to God for help. This brought Mr. Warde to illustrations, and he first took Henry VIII, making the great character of Wolsey stand out like a cameo. He said Shakespeare showed no trace of sectarianism though living in the time when there was high feeling over the church, but breathed through all his works the spirit of charity for all. Wolsey's great speech when stripped of honors and wealth, "Farewell, a long farewell," was read with care and deep expression, and the colloquy with Cromwell was just as brilliantly done.

From this Mr. Warde went on through several parts, the prayer of Henry V before the French army, that of Richmond on the eve of Bosworth field, and the deeply touching appeal of the King in "Hamlet," all read with a freedom which turned new lights upon the actor with each recital and recitation.

Leaving this side of the teachings of the master, Mr. Warde took up Polonius' speech to Laertes as an example of the philosophy, and the words of Cassius in "Julius Caesar." "O, that man should put an enemy into his mouth to steal away his brains," as an evidence of his great care for the sobriety of the people. Mr. Warde then told a story about the late President McKinley, saying that on a visit two years ago the chief executive asked if he played "Henry VIII," saying that it was the motto of his own life: "Let all thy ends thou aim'st at be thy country's, thy God's and Truth." Now that the President had passed away the victim of the assassin, he thought the quotation might well be ended as Shakespeare closes it.

That Shakespeare was unhappily married could not be, he said, for otherwise he could not have peopled his pages with the galaxy of beautiful women. He spoke of Mrs. Jameson's book on the women of Shakespeare and said that student had placed Portia at the head of the list as the most perfect womanly woman. With naïveté Mr. Warde told the story of Portia and gave the speeches of the colloquy between Portia and Nerissa, and finally between the heroine and the three suitors, ending with Bassanio. During this passage he evoked applause which rang when he said the speech of the Prince of Morocco was one of the most brilliant of the house which was filled with the boys from Kamehameha School, said that they, born under the tropical suns, could well say with that Prince, that they bore the "shadow of the burnished sun." Down through the trial scene he went with Portia, showing her always as the womanly woman, and saying that her speech to Shylock, "The quality of mercy is not strained, etc.," was one of the greatest of all those given to women in the works.

Not content, Mr. Warde went through the list with Rosalind, Juliet, Cordelia, Miranda, the gentle Desdemona, Cato's daughter, Lady Macbeth, of whom he said he thought differently than some actresses, for he saw in her only love for her husband, a man too weak to do right and too weak to do wrong. He concluded:

"When you take up the study of Shakespeare, don't be frightened. Don't think Shakespeare is so deep and obscure that you must be a scholar to understand him. His greatest charm to me is his simplicity. One of the first things to do is to burn the commentaries. If there were no commentaries Shakespeare would be better read than he is. If you want to read, don't first read the thousand and one self-styled critics, but go right to the words of the author himself. Shakespeare was an actor and wrote for intelligent actors to play before intelligent people, to be understood intelligently. If he had intended his works for the library reader he would have made his poems epics."

He then said that Shakespeare should be read first for the story, then for the poetry, then for the philosophy, and

The controversy, he said, was one which was raging with bitterness. Miss Della Bacon, a poor demented lady of St. Louis, had said that she thought the works of Shakespeare were really those of her ancestor, Lord Francis Bacon. No matter how stupid or absurd the theory, it will gain adherents, and so in this case there were people who took up the matter and be-



# FORTY THOUSAND PEOPLE VICTIMS OF THE VOLCANO AT ST. PIERRE

Things Are Growing Worse Instead of Better.

**F**ORTY thousand human lives are believed to have been lost in the volcanic eruptions in the French West Indies. St. Pierre, the principal city of Martinique, the gem of the Windward Islands, has been blotted out under the storm of fire and the avalanches of molten rock and ashes. With a population of upward of twenty-five thousand persons, the city has been destroyed and survivors are reported to number less than two score, nearly all of them burned, wounded and suffering awful tortures. The loss of life in Morne Rouge and other neighboring towns and parishes, it is feared, will swell the death list to the appalling total of forty thousand. No such calamity has been chronicled in recent times. For anything approximating a parallel in horror one must mark back to the fate of the cities of the plain, or to the doom of Herculaneum and Pompeii. Even under that historic outpouring from Vesuvius the loss of life was probably not so great as that which occurred on Thursday in the sun-kissed little island of the Caribbean.

## SHOWER OF DEATH.

Mont Pelee, a great volcano long ago believed to be extinct, suddenly awoke from the sleep of many years. Out of the mouth of the treacherous crater, around which nestled the summer villas and pretty homes of the wealthier of the French West Indian residents, suddenly belched smoke and flame. Then, like the discharge from a Titanic gun, the whole crest of the mountain leaped thousands of feet into the air and from the awful cauldron's mouth poured down showers of fire, swallowing up everything that lay in their path to the sea.

Torrents of red hot ashes buried the country around about for miles, covering it as a billiard blankets, the earth in January. Groves, orchards, towns and city burst into flame under the shower of death, and even the shipping in the roadstead of St. Pierre had no time to up anchor and get to sea.

The Roraima of the Quebec line, which sailed from New York on April 26, was lost, and it is believed that all on board perished. Most, if not all, of her passengers from the north had disembarked previously at other ports. Of the officers and crew of the British steamer Roddam nearly all are reported dead or dying. The supercargo and ten men leaped into the sea and went down as a storm of fire enveloped them.

## RELIEF IS SILENT.

Confirmation of the extent of the disaster comes from many sources from special correspondents in the West Indies and from the commander of the French warship Suchet.

All direct communication with the blighted island is cut off. Relief expeditions are being sent out from St. Thomas, St. Lucia and San Juan, Porto Rico.

The eruption still continues. Forty thousand lives are reported lost. The steamers Roraima and the Grappler, of the cable company, were burned in the harbor. The first explosion lasted only three minutes. The cruiser Suchet is going to Martinique with provisions.

**ST. THOMAS, D. W. I., May 9.**—An eruption of Mont Pelee volcano destroyed by flaming gas and cinders the beautiful town of St. Pierre. From 8 o'clock in the morning until 1 o'clock in the afternoon St. Pierre was a mass of fire. During the intervening hours a torrent of red cinders poured down upon the commercial capital. The streets were filled with the destructive outpouring, cutting off all avenues of escape. It is believed that very few of the twenty-five thousand inhabitants of the city could have escaped.

From all information so far obtained it is estimated that the number of lives lost in Martinique island will reach forty thousand. A vessel which arrived at Dominica today reports that she was compelled to run from St. Vincent because of the volcanic eruption on that island on Wednesday afternoon. This vessel was off Martinique yesterday morning about 8 o'clock when the eruption of Mount Pelee occurred. Those on board the vessel say there was a tremendous explosion of the mountain, and a great cloud of fire seemed to sweep down upon the city and all the territory around, leaving no chance for escape for its citizens.

## SHIPPING IS ENVELOPED.

Shipping lying off St. Pierre was also enveloped in the seething flames and destroyed with wonderful quickness. Hope is abandoned that the Governor of Martinique and his wife have survived. Nothing has been seen or heard of the military forces quartered in the town. The French cruiser Suchet was in port when the disaster took place. Her officers went ashore to give relief, but were unable to render much assistance except to rescue about thirty persons.

Great heaps of bodies were seen on the blinding waves. It was impossible for the Suchet's officers to penetrate the town.

Although Mont Pelee volcano had been emitting fire and smoke at intervals for several days, the residents of St. Pierre did not apprehend any great eruption. When the volcano became active after a silence of half a century the inhabitants were startled and became panic-stricken. But fears began to subside after a few days. Then came the destruction of the Guerin factories, near Martinique, and the loss of about 150 lives. The panic in the town was renewed, but the population began to recover just as the final catastrophe took place.

## PERISH THROUGH BRAVERY.

The inhabitants of St. Pierre perished through their bravery and devotion to their town and homes.

Captain Freeman of the British ship Roddam, which was at St. Pierre at the



MARTINIQUE—THE STRICKEN CITY.

## DEATH OF THOUSANDS BY EARTHQUAKE IN GUATEMALA

**S**ALT LAKE, Utah, May 10.—In a letter to the presidency of the Mormon church, dated April 23, from Paul Henning, elder and representative of the church in Guatemala, further details are given of the disastrous earthquakes in that country.

"The whole northwestern region," says Mr. Henning, "one of the richest in Central America, is in ruins. On the evening of the 18th (April) about twenty minutes after 8 o'clock, the first shock was felt. This lasted for thirty seconds and caused the wildest panic. There was no loss of life in Guatemala City, and the property damage was less than at first feared, though walls were cracked all over the city and many old houses were tumbled in ruins. Ever since then the shocks have continued with more or less violence. The worst damage was done in the city of Quetzaltenango, the second largest in the country. Here it is estimated that five thousand to six thousand people were killed. At the time of the first shock a violent thunder and rain storm was raging. The electric lighting plant of the city had been disabled, and when the people, panic-stricken by the rumbling and shaking of the earthquake, rushed from their houses, it was only to meet death. Stumbling and falling in the narrow, winding streets, in total darkness, save when the lightning lit up the crumbling city with an unearthly glare, the people died by thousands under the falling walls, while other thousands were caught like rats, only to die of suffocation or drowning. The quaking and rain kept up continually for three days. This made it almost impossible to do any effective relief work, and as a consequence, now that the hot weather again prevails, the stench from the thousands of bodies buried in the ruins is unbearable and fears are entertained of an epidemic. Hundreds of bodies probably never will be recovered."

**PLEES FROM ST. VINCENT.**  
The British schooner Ocean Traveler of St. John, N. B., arrived at the island of Dominica at 8 o'clock this afternoon from the West Indies. She was obliged to flee from the island of St. Vincent, British West Indies, during the afternoon of May 7, in consequence of a heavy fall of sand from a volcano which was erupting there. She tried to reach the island of St. Lucia, but adverse currents prevented her from doing so. The schooner arrived opposite St. Pierre, Martinique, Thursday morning, May 8. While about a mile off the volcano of Mont Pelee fire from it swept the whole town of St. Pierre, destroying the town and the shipping there, including the cable ship Grappler of the West India and Panama Telegraph Company of London, which was engaged in repairing the cable. The Ocean Traveler, while on her way to Dominica, encountered a quantity of wreckage.

**LONDON, May 10.**—A dispatch to the Reuters Telegram Company from Kingston, Jamaica, giving the details of the disaster already known, says: "Thousands were killed at St. Pierre, where a terrible panic prevailed. The eruption began Saturday, May 3, when St. Pierre was covered with ashes and appeared to be enveloped in fog. The flow of lava continued until Wednesday, May 7th."

The message adds: "In the island of St. Vincent the Soufriere (volcano) is active and earthquakes are frequent. So far no damage has been done."

In response to the request of Governor (Llewellyn) of the Windward Islands, the British cruiser Indefatigable will be dispatched from the island of Trinidad to the island of St. Vincent by way of St. Lucia.

A dispatch from the Daily Mail from Pointe-a-Pitre, island of Guadeloupe, French West Indies, dated yesterday, says: "The Mount Pelee (St. Pierre) crater closed yesterday morning, molten rocks and ashes during three minutes and completely destroyed St. Pierre and the districts within a four-mile radius. All the inhabitants were burned."

About eighteen passengers from the Roraima of the Quebec Steamship line were aboard the French cruiser Suchet, which was dispatched from the island of St. Pierre to the island of St. Vincent by way of St. Lucia.

The survivors of the British steamer Roddam describe the scene at St. Pierre as being "glimpses of hell." Beyond the city the French cruiser Suchet was killed chiefly by molten lava.

The Roraima was wrecked in a terrible upheaval of land and sea. The whole crew perished.

Two ships were lost with all on board in an attempt to approach Martinique. All known survivors here express the utmost horror at the catastrophe, which, they say, for its magnitude is only comparable to Pompeii, and they extend deep sympathy to the French nation.

Owing to the cable breakdown in the West Indies, no details of the disaster at Martinique have yet been received.

The available dispatches from the West Indies represent the inhabitants of the other islands as being in deadly fear.

Professor John Milne, the seismologist, in an interview published in the Daily Express, declares that his seismic instruments have recorded no disturbance, and they would almost invariably have done so had serious earthquakes occurred.

Professor Milne's theory is that Mont Pelee "had blown its head off," owing to the infiltration of water through the rocks until it had reached the molten material beneath, forming steam of tremendous pressure, when something had to give way.

**PARIS, May 10.**—Although the destruction of St. Pierre, Martinique, was known here early yesterday, the Parisians do not yet seem to realize the awfulness of the catastrophe, which apparently hardly

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**Ayer's Cherry Pectoral**  
greatly strengthened my throat, cleared up my voice, and took away the tendency for every cold to go to my lungs. "Last year I had a bad attack of la grippe. The only medicine I took was from this bottle, and I came out all right. I know it's good, too, for asthma, bronchitis, pneumonia, croup." There are many substitutes and imitations. Beware of them! Be sure you get Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Two sizes. Large and small bottles. Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

## Five Beautiful AND USEFUL Presents

- 1 Jewel 6 Hole Range.
- 1 Gurney 4 Door Refrigerator.
- 1 Decorated China Dinner, Breakfast and Tea Set.
- 1 Etched Glass Complete Table Service.
- 1 Complete Set of Table Silverware and Cutlery.

The price of each of the above mentioned articles is \$40. These will be given away on July 1st to customers who purchase goods of us on or after March 15, 1902. For the purpose of distributing these goods to those entitled to receive them we will, commencing March 15th, present a numbered certificate of purchase to each purchaser of one dollar's worth of goods at our store. This will be in addition to the usual 5 per cent off cash.

These desirable gifts are now on exhibition in our large front windows. They will be distributed fairly among our customers, and in accordance with law.

## W. W. Dimond & Co. LIMITED,

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**Theo. H. Davies & Co. (Limited.)**  
AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

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OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND LIFE. Established 1836. Accumulated Funds .... \$2,975,000.

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OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE. Capital ..... \$1,000,000.

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AGENTS.

A New York woman has been sent to jail for taking money in return for influence in getting men on the police force.

Queen Wilhelmina is much better. Central Americans fear a tidal wave. May Irwin, the actress, is seriously ill.

Santos-Dumont has arrived in New York. President Palma has arrived at Matanzas. An inch of snow fell at Milwaukee on May 10.

A strike is on among the Pennsylvania coal miners. Admiral Sampson's funeral was conducted with great pomp.

Cunard officials deny that their line is in the Morgan combine. A prominent Southern naturalist is dead.

An auction sale of French decorative art in New York brought \$167,000. The steamship combine is evoking bitter comments from the London press.

There is no likelihood of the canal bill coming up at this session of Congress.

**NO LOSS OF TIME.**  
I have sold Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for years, and would rather be out of coffee and sugar than it. I sold five bottles of it yesterday to threshers that could go no farther, and they are at work again this morning.—H. R. Phelps, Plymouth, Okla., U. S. A. As will be seen by the above the threshers were able to keep on with their work without losing a single day's time. You should keep a bottle of this Remedy in your home. For sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.



# QUIET DAY IN COURT

## Robinson Hears Criminal Cases.

(From Saturday Star Daily.)

Kia, a dog charged with cruelty to animals, was found guilty by a jury yesterday morning and sentenced to a fine of twenty dollars and costs. Kia is said to have beaten his horse almost to the point of death, knocking the animal down by the force of his blows. The same sentence was imposed as had been given by Judge Wilcox.

In the afternoon the trial of Ah Wa and Nishama, charged with robbery in the first degree, was begun. A jury was secured and the principal witnesses for the prosecution examined, when the court adjourned until this morning at 9 o'clock.

At 9:30 this morning Judge Robinson is to sentence the Williams boys for the robbery of Ward's jewelry store.

**BARBARA CORPUS WEDNESDAY.**

The argument upon the application for writ of habeas corpus by Domingos Ferreira will be made before Judge Gear Wednesday morning. The return of the defendant was made by High Sheriff Brown yesterday, and the continuance asked by the Deputy Attorney General was granted. Ferreira was released upon giving bail in the amount of \$5000, which was furnished by Fred Harrison.

In the petition for discharge, after reciting the fact of the alleged illegal conviction by a jury before Judge Gear, the petitioner says:

"That the Honorable A. S. Humphreys, First Judge of the First Circuit Court aforesaid, was in fact holding court and actually engaged in trying term cases in Honolulu aforesaid, and within said First Circuit on the said 14th and 17th days of February, 1902, and that said order of sentence and all proceedings therein in said action entitled 'Territory of Hawaii vs. Domingos Ferreira,' were illegal, in that the Honorable George D. Gear, Second Judge of said Circuit Court, who presided at the pretended trial in said case, had no authority in law to hold court or to try said case on said 14th and 17th days of February, 1902, during the time in which and while the said Honorable A. S. Humphreys was so holding court as aforesaid, all of which appears by the records of the First Circuit Court and reference to said records is hereby made and made a part hereof of this petition."

As Gear was the presiding Judge at the time of the trial, the Territory claims that the conviction was valid, no matter if the en banc decision holds good. Brooks contends that the Judges have no right to designate one of their number as presiding Judge, in the absence of a specific statute giving such authority, and that Gear's court had no more legal weight than Humphreys' court.

### WANTS HIS RIGHTS.

Judge Gear yesterday signed a writ of mandamus asked for by L. H. Dee against Victor Hoffman, as treasurer of the McKechnie Paint & Wallpaper Co. Dee claims that on April 22 he acquired 250 shares of the stock of the corporation, but that Hoffman refuses to enter his name upon the books, and he is thus deprived of his rights as a stockholder. The writ is made returnable Friday.

### PAIN WILL USE ELECTRICITY.

The Hawaiian Tramways Company and W. H. Pain, as manager, filed answers yesterday to the suit of J. H. Boyd, Superintendent of Public Works, to compel the removal of the extra steel rails on King street.

The defendant denies that in the exercise of its option it has elected to construct only a single track railway, but that said company has the right to operate either a single or double track street railway, and that said option can be exercised at any time, and said franchise being still unexpired it has the right to construct and operate a double track railway.

The answer further says: "And the Hawaiian Tramways Co. admits that it has laid said 'girder' rails in and upon said King street as aforesaid, for the purpose and with the intention of operating and maintaining thereon a tramway by electricity."

It is further set out that in June, 1899, the Minister of the Interior was notified of defendant's intention to operate an electric railway in Honolulu, and of the proposed alignment of the double tracks upon the streets, and that on July 25, 1899, a reply was received saying the Minister of Interior had no objection to the plans submitted.

Defendant further avers that it has a legal right to construct upon King street and other public roads in Honolulu, an electric tram or railway, by virtue of a contract with the Hawaiian Kingdom, and that "it intends to construct, operate and maintain an electric tram and railway, and that in so constructing, operating and maintaining said electric tram and railway the said 'girder' rails are necessary."

Defendant admits that the rails to a small extent do obstruct travel, but alleges that the use of said street for travel and use by the public is subject to the right granted to this defendant.

### CHINESE SOCIETY CASE.

The Chinese Society squabble dragged through another weary day in Judge Gear's court yesterday. The testimony of Lo Cheung was finally concluded and several other witnesses heard, but it will be three or four days before the end of the case is reached. The trial of the case was continued until Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The losses of the New York flour trade owing to the Martinique disaster



## COMMERCIAL

1100 week has been one without material changes in the business world, especially in the stock market, where there has been a week of waiting for something to turn up. The feature is the indication of change in the feeling toward Inter-Island Steamship Company. The sales of this stock now show strength at \$90, which indicates what effect the declaration of the dividend and the resumption of the old officers has had upon the shares. There is confidence felt in the administration of President Elin and the resumption of the stock has been marked ever since the meeting. There has been a little softening in Oahu owing to the resumption of the assessments, the 25 due being announced as usual beginning next month. There is no stock in the market, however, and there promises to be little of it, as the insiders are strongly in favor of holding on to what they have.

The sales of 305 shares of Rapid Transit Company stock, noted here last week, was recorded at par. Other shares in the list were traded in to the extent of 228 shares. Of these the transfer of 55 shares of Pioneer Mill marked practically the return of that stock to the active list, after a long period of inactivity. The last quotation was at par, but the stock it was understood could be had at a less figure. The sale was made at \$74, and there seems to be some little inquiry for it at that figure, the asked price being two points above. There was some activity in McBryde, 109 shares going at \$6.50. Ewa ruled strong at \$24, there being some talk of transfers out of the exchange at a fractional higher figure. There were sales of 15 Oahu at \$90 and of 15 Wai-anae at \$95. The bond market was weak all week. Dividends were announced of Mutual Telephone, 2 1/2 per cent; and O. R. & L. Co., 1/2 per cent.

### REAL ESTATE.

There has been the customary absence of large selling ventures in real estate market, but the continued inquiry for small houses is remarked by all the dealers. This demand continues to be confined to the suburbs reached by Rapid Transit, and there have been some few sales. Two houses and lots are reported sold by Schnack in his Nuuanu valley addition and S. C. Allen is reported as the purchaser of the same number of lots in the Kewalo district.

In the down town district there is nothing doing, though several sales of Chinatown property are suggested. These details will be carried out as soon as possible, and there probably will be sales before the end of next week of small properties.

Tantalus lots seem to hold the center of the stage, there having been several exchanges during the week. These are principally of lots in the W. R. Castle addition, and there are several resales to be expected. The outlook for a series of sections of the mountain side being put up, if the one transfer of the plot in front of the Schmidt house falls through, and it is necessary to cut up that three acres into small lots.

There are no new buildings on which construction commenced during the week. The Hall building is now occupied by its owners. The Lowers & Cooke building is being roofed.

The new brick one-story buildings which are being erected at the corner of Beretania and Nuuanu streets, taking in both corners, will contain six stores. These will be fixed up for occupancy within the next two months. The stores are the property of the Pacific Land Improvement Company.

More than one broker reports request from the coast for investment property, and several sales are under negotiation.

### HONOLULU OIL INVESTMENTS.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 10.—The interest taken in the Tembol field by Hawaiian people is causing considerable speculation among those operating in that territory. It is said that three pieces of land have been leased and that the lessees will put down three wells in the very near future.

The shipments on the big contract recently made by the Sterling Oil Company will commence within the next sixty days and from then on the oil will be shipped in large quantities. The purchasers are rushing the work of equipping vessels for the transportation of the product to the Hawaiian Islands.

### HUMPHREYS' ATTACK ON VALUES.

(Special to the Advertiser.)

SAN FRANCISCO, May 10.—Just how the desire of Judge Humphreys to work his spite on those he dislikes personally is made to injure Hawaii generally is evidenced in this week's issue of Town Talk. This weekly has an article on the decision of Judge Humphreys in the case of A. W. Carter, guardian, in which the jurist took the opportunity to attack the securities of the McBryde Sugar Company. In its comment on the decision, Town Talk says: "Judge Humphreys' opinion should be read by every person who entertains the notion that investments in Hawaiian sugar stock are good things. His decision will undoubtedly have a tendency to affect the sugar market."

Now Town Talk goes into the homes of most of the wealthy people of San Francisco, and how much its comment on the Judge's statements will weigh against investments in Hawaii cannot be estimated. This decision of Humphreys was sent direct from Honolulu to the editor of Town Talk, evidently with the intention of provoking the publicity it did. Few of Town Talk's readers know that the enmity of Judge Humphreys toward Attorney Kinney was the real reason for his foolish utterances from the bench, and that a private grudge urged him to prostitute his office. It is these publications that prevent the incoming of the needed capital to Hawaii, and which keep the minds of investors confused as to the actual value of Hawaiian investments. The full article in Town Talk is as follows:

### FREDERICK O'BRIEN.

"A decision rendered by Judge Humphreys of Honolulu, recently, is in the nature of a warning against investing in Hawaiian securities. From the language of the court it appears that Hawaii is a fertile field for stock manipulators and crooked promoters, and that it is extremely hazardous to invest in sugar securities, particularly in those of new and undeveloped sugar properties. The decision was rendered in the case of A. W. Carter, who had asked for the approval of his annual account as guardian of the estate of Annie Parker, a minor. Judge Humphreys not only refused to approve the account but removed the guardian for having invested his ward's estate in the bonds of the McBryde Sugar Company, Limited, of the Oahu Railway & Land Company, Limited, of the Wai-anae Agricultural Company and of the American Sugar Company, of which he was the treasurer. The court found that the investments were imprudent and reckless, and constituted a breach of trust. In discussing the conduct of Carter Judge Humphreys took occasion to declare that during the three years following the annexation of the islands, the community was sucked into a maelstrom of speculation by land sharks and unscrupulous promoters whose knowledge of the secrets which lay hidden in the womb of the future entitled them to be classed as president-elects. Many of the enterprises started by them, and which by the way allured victims in San Francisco, are now, according to Judge Humphreys, 'bitter memories, mere speculative tombstones.' By way of illustration he cited the case of the American Sugar Company, the history of which appears in the testimony in the case. The company was incorporated with a capital of a million and a half dollars. A fine wharf was constructed, a number of costly pumps were erected, railroads were built, eight hundred acres of cane were planted and a corps of laborers employed. Yet the water of the wells from which it was expected to irrigate the cane held such quantities of salt in solution that it was death to animal life, and the property had to be abandoned. Nevertheless in the madness of speculation the stock of the company of the par value of one hundred dollars per share sold for two hundred. Judge Humphreys declared that he could mention other evidences of acute speculative mania, but he referred only to the Maunaloa Plantation, upon which half a million was spent and which was sold by a receiver of the court. Judge Humphreys' opinion should be read by every person who entertains the notion that investments in Hawaiian sugar stock are good things. He declared that it was little less than a crime to permit the custodians of trust funds to invest the moneys of their wards 'in securities that pending events might cause to be swept into waste baskets of finance.' The decision is a remarkable one for the case opened up an inquiry into conditions in the sugar market to such an extent that the court found it apropos to predict that the price of sugar will soon take on a lower range of values. Moreover, Judge Humphreys found that the companies in which Carter invested his ward's money, and in which many San Francisco people are interested, are far from being substantial corporations. The McBryde Company has a bonded debt of three-quarters of a million, and cannot under the most favorable circumstances pay dividends within three years. It was revealed upon the trial that the artesian wells sunk on the plantation yielded salt in excessive quantities, a condition that drove the American Sugar Company from sugar planting to stock raising, but in the last report of the company to its stockholders no reference was made to that impressive fact. Judge Humphreys' decision will undoubtedly have a tendency to affect the sugar market for he has brought to light many facts which should prompt prospective investors to exercise great caution."

## PIGS AFFLICTED WITH HOG CHOLERA

Director Jared Smith has received from the Bureau of Animal Industry at Washington, notice of the result of an examination made of the spleen and lung of a pig sent from here some weeks ago. It was suspected at the time that hog cholera was the disease with which the animal had been afflicted, but an opinion from experts was desired. According to this report the disease which has been causing the death of pigs and swine in Nuuanu Valley and other places is hog cholera.

The letter from the Bureau of Animal Industry to Director True was forwarded

ed to Mr. Smith and is as follows:

Dr. A. C. True, Director Experiment Stations.

Dear Sir: I am in receipt of your letter of the 23rd inst., together with the correspondence of Mr. Jared Smith, and also the specimens of spleen and lung of a three months' old pig forwarded from Honolulu, Hawaii, for diagnosis.

In reply I would say that a microscopic examination of sections of the spleen has demonstrated the presence of an organism which morphologically could not be differentiated from the hog cholera bacillus. The histological appearance of the splenic structure was also indicative of hog cholera. The microscopic examination of the lungs showed a catarrhal pneumonia, but no specific micro-organism could be observed in any of the sections. Very respectfully,  
D. E. SALMON,  
Chief of Bureau.

## MAKE ORAL ARGUMENT U.S. Supreme Court To Hear Transi- tion Case.

The Oaki Mankichi case, which is to decide Hawaii's transition status, will not be heard by the United States Supreme Court until next October. Oral argument is to be presented to the Supreme Court upon a day to be designated later, but not before October.

Attorney General Dole received the following letter yesterday from J. K. Richards, the Solicitor General:

Department of Justice,  
Washington, D. C., April 29.  
Hon. E. P. Dole, Attorney General,  
Honolulu, H. I.

Sir: I have the honor to inform you that the Supreme Court of the United States, on yesterday, entered an order directing that the case of the Territory of Hawaii vs. Oaki Mankichi be removed to the docket for oral argument before the full bench.

As you are doubtless aware, Mr. Justice Gray has been absent from the bench for some time on account of illness.

This order of the Court will therefore hold the case in its present position until Mr. Justice Gray is able to resume his duties, when, on motion, it will be set down for oral argument. Of course, nothing whatever can be done in the case, in any event, until the Court shall meet again in October. When the Court reconvenes after the summer adjournment, I shall inform you of the situation so that you may make arrangements if you desire, to come here to take part in the argument. Respectfully,

J. K. RICHARDS,  
Solicitor General.

Mr. Dole will not go to Washington to present the oral argument, but will very likely leave the matter in the hands of Solicitor General Richards. The Attorney General said yesterday: "I think I have said about all I have to say in my brief and printed argument, and unless there is real necessity for my going to Washington, I shall not go, as the public interests demand a careful nursing of my appropriation for incidental expenses; to save the six or eight hundred dollars which the trip would cost for other purposes. I presume the Solicitor General will present an oral argument."

Brooks and Davis, who are attorneys for Oaki Mankichi, have secured the services of Couder Bros., of New York to present their argument.

The schedule of the Austin Publishing Co. was filed in the United States Court yesterday, showing assets of \$4694.38, and liabilities of \$4460.26.

Among the liabilities listed are: Wm. Langton, services as manager, \$149.75; Mrs. E. A. White, services as assistant, \$38. William Langton, balance of salary as manager, \$1690.30; Mrs. E. A. White, services as assistant, \$197; M. P. Robinson, \$1803; Catton-Neill Co., \$154; Munard Collier Co. of San Francisco, \$55.24; Honolulu and Hawaiian Paper Co., \$159.15; Ah Chew Bros., \$125.

The assets of the concern consist chiefly of the newspaper plant which is inventoried at \$2675, a note for \$388.88 against J. Nawahi, and a large number of open accounts, some of which are good.

The largest debtors are J. J. Williams, \$54.89; Honolulu Blue Book, \$350; Fire Claims Commission, \$147.75; J. F. Testa, \$1111.10; Moana Hotel, \$194.45; The Volcano (Ayres & Sablin), \$148.50; The Spokesman, \$83.50; Honolulu Photo Supply Co., \$100; George Kaia, \$46.35; Evening Bulletin, \$259.01; O'Leary, \$23.15. There is also listed a number of names of persons owing subscriptions for the Paradise of the Pacific, the total being but \$36.

### Mr. Restarick's Acceptance.

The Rev. Henry B. Restarick returned last night from Los Angeles. After consultation with Bishop Johnson, Mr. Restarick has decided to send his formal acceptance of the election as bishop of Honolulu. The consecration will probably take place in St. Paul's church, this city. This is the desire of the people, and the only objection is that the church is not larger. There will be present at least five bishops. The presiding bishop appoints the consecrators.—San Diego Union.

### The Enterprise.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 4.—The steamer Enterprise, the largest of the ocean-going oil burners, came over from Oakland yesterday and docked at Howard wharf 2, preparatory to sailing for Hilo next Tuesday. Shipping men interested in the use of oil instead of coal have paid much attention to the success attending the first voyage of the Enterprise to the Islands, and the opinion is freely expressed that the steamer's experience has demonstrated the entire capability of oil as a substitute for coal in steamers.

### WHOOPIING COUGH.

A woman who has had experience with this disease, tells how to prevent any dangerous consequences from it. She says: Our three children took whooping cough last summer, our baby being only three months old, and owing to our giving them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, they lost none of their plumpness and came out in much better health than other children whose parents did not use this remedy. Our oldest little girl would call lustily for cough syrup between whoops.—Jessie Pinkey Hall, Springville, Ala., U. S. A. This remedy is for sale by all dealers and druggists. Benton Smith & Co. Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

A dispatch from London, dated May 2, said it was officially asserted that after their conference at Vereeniging the Boer leaders would proceed to Pretoria and announce to Lord Kitchener the decision in regard to the peace terms they were

## BAD COMPLEXIONS

### Dry Thin and Falling Hair and Red Rough Hands Prevented by CUTICURA SOAP.

MILLIONS use CUTICURA SOAP exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes, for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially to mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the best skin and complexion soap, the best toilet and best baby soap in the world.

**Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour.** Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin and scalp of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA Ointment, to instantly allay itching and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. Sold throughout the world. Australian Depot: H. TOWN & CO., Sydney, N. S. W. So. African Depot: J. H. BARNES LTD., Cape Town. How to have beautiful skin, hair, and hands. Free. FOSTER CO., Boston, U. S. A. Sole Props., CUTICURA REMEDIES.

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NIPPON MARU	MAY 10	COPTIC	MAY 10
PERU	MAY 24	AMERICA MARU	MAY 20
COPTIC	JUNE 7	PEKING	MAY 28
AMERICA MARU	JUNE 11	GAELIC	JUNE 7
PEKING	JUNE 19	HONGKONG MARU	JUNE 13
GAELIC	JUNE 28	CHINA	JUNE 21
HONGKONG MARU	JULY 5	DORIC	JUNE 28
CHINA	JULY 15	NIPPON MARU	JULY 8
DORIC	JULY 23	PERU	JULY 15
NIPPON MARU	AUG. 31	COPTIC	JULY 25
PERU	AUG. 8	AMERICA MARU	AUG. 2
COPTIC	AUG. 16	PEKING	AUG. 11
AMERICA MARU	AUG. 23	GAELIC	AUG. 20
		HONGKONG MARU	AUG. 26

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AGENTS.

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